





Snowmass 2020 Community Planning Meeting

Bo Jayatilaka, Brendan Kiburg PAC Meeting December 9th, 2020

PAC Charge

 We ask the committee to review the contributions made by Fermilab staff at the CPM, and to assess their impact and breadth.



Outline

- CPM organization and context in Snowmass process
- Fermilab participation in CPM (Meeting + LOIs)
- CPM by the numbers
- Fermilab Themes
- Path Forward

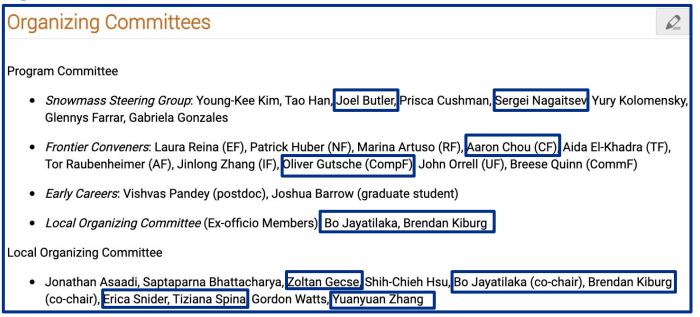


CPM Organization and Context in Snowmass Process

- In 2019, Fermilab proposed to offer to facilitate the kickoff meeting in Fall 2020
 - This was encouraged by the PAC
- The Fermilab Scientist Advisory Council and User's Executive Committee extended the offer to the Snowmass Steering Committee in early 2020
- In early March 2020, our offer was accepted and we agreed to have a 2.5 day meeting
- We promptly moved into the work-from-home mode
- In July 2020, the decision was finalized to virtualize the meeting, to take place October 5th-8th
 - The meeting duration was extended to 4 half-days, respecting zoom fatigue
 - The meeting times were established from 11am 4pm central such that the meeting occurred during the traditional workday for all continental US time zones



CPM Organization



- The scientific program was developed by the Program Committee which tried to balance competing interests, and was advised by steering group
- The LOC implemented the meeting logistics
 - Learned from hosting Neutrino 2020 and Users' Meeting virtually
 - Overlap with LOC for those two meetings, as well as CSS 2021



The Organizers established some goals for the meeting

 The primary goal of the Community Planning Meeting is to develop plans and steps to take ("Snowmass Planning") between October 2020 and the Snowmass Community meeting in July 2021, leading to a final report in October 2021.

Other goals include:

- Inspire the community about the field, and encourage them to engage broadly in the Snowmass process
- Inform the community about plans from other regions and from related fields and planned Snowmass activities
- Listen to the community
- Provide space for members across the field to talk to each other and to discuss, promote, and develop new ideas
- Establish cross working-group connections and identify gaps



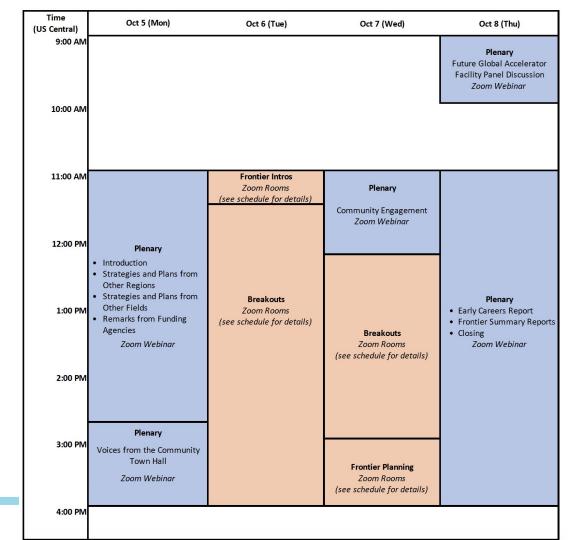
CPM Organization and Context in Snowmass Process

- Meeting content
 - From April to October 2020, various frontiers began hosting single-day workshops to begin organizing for the 2021 CSS (10 frontier and 80 topical group workshops)
 - Letters of Interest the main mechanism for getting on the Snowmass roadmap and were due to frontier organizers on Aug 31st, 2020, 5 weeks before the meeting
- Some unique capabilities of CPM
 - Due to proximity to LOI deadline, the CPM provided a first opportunity to get a global snapshot of the topics that are currently being pursued by our community
 - Because of the size of the meeting, allowed cross-frontier communication that is missing from the single-day workshops
 - Topical Conveners proposed topics → harmonized by Frontier Conveners
- Implications
 - Several frontiers (e.g. Energy, Neutrino) really focused on cross-frontier studies, since their frontier-specific workshops could occur separately
 - Other frontiers (e.g. Accelerator, Cosmic) chose to kick off quite detailed programs
 - o Different choices reflect different optimizations between planning and completeness



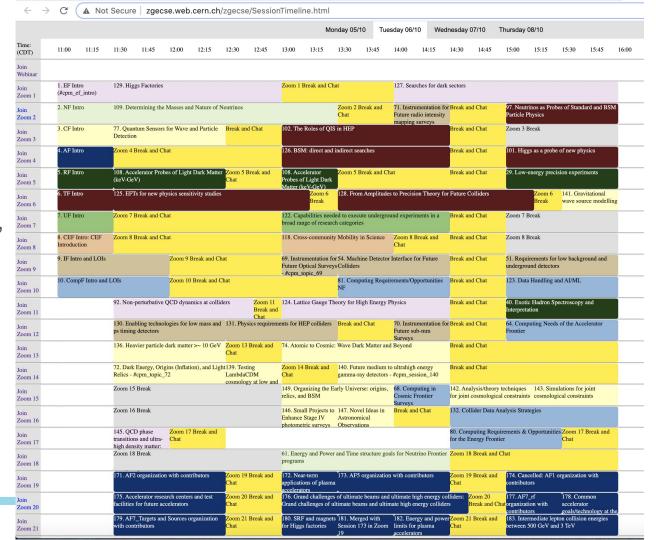
CPM Structure

- Day 1:
 - Started with input from other regions and agencies
 - Snapshot of LOIs at a 3MT Town Hall session
- Day 2-3
 - Focused on breakouts for individual frontiers and cross-frontier planning
- Day 4
 - Accelerator directors panel
 - Frontier summaries



CPM Structure

- Opened with planning intros for each frontier
- Most of the day had 21 parallel Zoom sessions
- To facilitate discussion, most Zoom rooms were held open between sessions
- Shorter session
 Wednesday, including planning session for each frontier



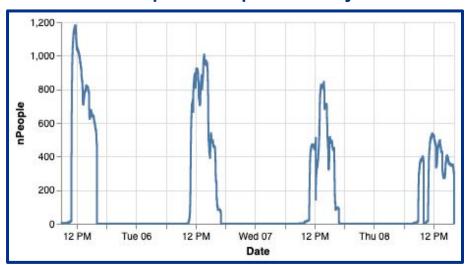
Participation in the CPM

- 3028 Registrants, over 90% logged into part of the meeting
- 275 Fermilab Registrants
- 100 Parallel Sessions

Integrated Unique Participants Vs Time



Unique Participants At Any Time

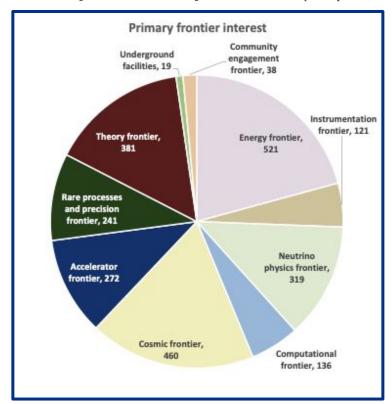


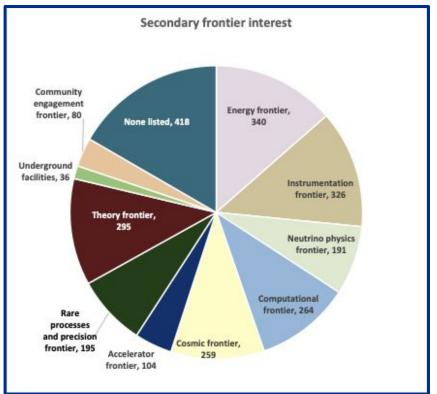
Plots from https://gordonwatts.github.io/snowmass-cpm-attendance/



Frontier Participation (all registrants)

Surveyed Primary Frontier (required) as well as Secondary Frontier (optional)







Fermilab Roles in CPM

- Fermilab played a major role in the planning and the content of the meeting
 - Previously covered the Snowmass Advisory Group, Program and Local Committees
- Major Content Contributions
 - 5 FNAL Frontier Conveners organizing the Intro and Planning parallel sessions
 - 32 FNAL Session Co-Conveners (out of ~110 total sessions)
 - 14 FNAL Town Hall Abstracts (out of 67 submissions)
 - 5 FNAL Town Hall Abstracts selected* for session (out of 23 submissions)
 - 39 Speakers (Quantifying total is difficult as many sessions were discussions and panels and not all talks were formally posted)
- Breakdowns by Frontier are less useful, as the PC generally designated 2-4 frontiers per session



^{*} Fermilab author on selected abstract

Fermilab Presentations at CPM

Welcome	Muon Collider MDI
Local Organizing Committee Welcome and Meeting Logistics	Energy Frontier discussion
EF05/06 Letters of Interest on nonperturbative effects in high-precision QCD predictions	Accelerators & beam physics trends
Towards Future Discoveries at the Energy Frontier	Synergy with Muon Collider R&D
Requirements from substructure and jet reconstruction	Measuring very forward hadrons at the LHC
Advanced SRF R&D for Higgs Factory Luminosity (and Energy) Upgrades	Higher Gradient Expectations for SRF for ILC Energy Upgrades
AF5 Plans and Discussion	AF2 Plans and Discussion
SRF for Linear Collider Higgs Factories	AF Grand challenges
	55 Fermilab

Fermilab Presentations at CPM

v-Nucleus scattering brief	ANNIE and the Future of Hybrid Neutrino Detectors		
Underground Facility Needs of Quantum Information Science	Computational challenges for neutrino event generators		
NF09 Plans and Discussion	DarkQuest and LongQuest at the 120~GeV Fermilab Main Injector		
Energy and Power and Time structure goals for Neutrino Frontier programs	Neutrinos and Computing: Preservation, Machine Learning, Uncertainties		
Panel discussion of the future of AI/ML	Machine learning for detector simulations		
RF6 Light dark matter studies at high intensities	Systematic effects in detector simulations		
Cosmic Surveys and Fundamental Physics	Fixed-Target Searches for New Physics with O(1 GeV) Proton Beams at Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory [+O(10 GeV) Lol)]		
Cosmic Probes of Dark Matter			



Fermilab Presentations at CPM

Theory motivation and benchmarks	Operator series and theory errors
Lattice Gauge Theory Panel Discussion	Lattice QCD's role in precision measurements
Report from Instrumentation Frontier	Report from Accelerator Frontier
Closing Remarks	Panel Discussion on Future Accelerator Facilities



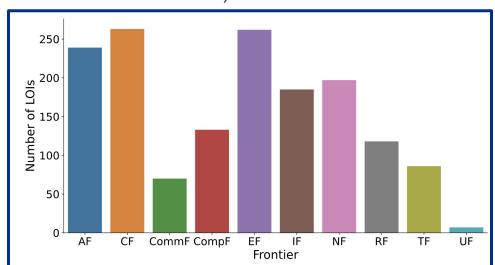
Letters of Interest

- Not all contributions to the Snowmass CPM captured by the numbers above because of the meeting time constraints and desire to focus on intersections between frontiers
- The Letters of Interest play a major role in establish the agenda of the frontier and topical workshops, as well as the content of some of the CPM sessions
- Collecting LOIs was a new feature of the Snowmass process for 2020-2021
- In some frontiers, authors were invited to give short summaries of their LOIs
- In other frontiers, the Conveners summarized the contributions in the planning sessions
- Other frontiers have held dedicated frontier workshops to look at LOIs
- Because the LOIs play a critical role in defining the content for the frontiers a the CPM and CSS, we highlight those numbers as well

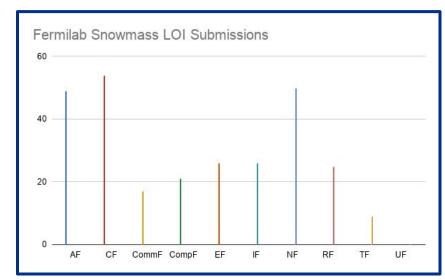


Letters of Interest

- 1574 LOIs submitted by Aug 31st,
 2020
- Sorted by primary frontier (defined at submission)



- 279 LOIs submitted by FNAL authors (google doc available <u>here</u>)
- 15 additional LOIs propose work at Fermilab but did not include a FNAL co-author
- Breakdown by primary frontier:



(from Gordon Watts)

AF	CF	CommF	CompF	EF	IF	NF	RF	TF	UF
49	54	17	21	26	26	50	25	9	(

Fermilab Themes and Contributions

- Between CPM session organization, talks and LOIs, FNAL had major contributions in all 10 Frontiers
- The rest of this talk will primarily focus on FNAL contributions to Physics Drivers
 - Energy, Neutrino, Cosmic, Accelerator, Rare/Precision
 - Theory, Instrumentation, Underground and Computing are often intertwined in the themes from the previous frontiers
 - Community Engagement has an active role in this planning process



Themes: Energy

- 1. Deliver on the currently planned baseline program at the HL-LHC, while pushing the boundaries to maximize the physics (di-Higgs, BSM, dark matter)
- 2. Continue to support a Higgs Factory (ILC, FCC-ee)
 - Many studies are already mature, with the design and sensitivity studies well
 understood
 - b. Strong interest remains and activity levels are intertwined with global decisions
- 3. Plan what's next domestically. Notably, a strong community interest has emerged for understanding challenges and opportunities for a Muon Collider
 - a. Emerged as a strong theme in the LOIs
 - b. The EF is developing liaisons with AF, IF, TF in response to this interest
 - c. Upcoming workshop tomorrow



Themes: Energy

A Long-Lived Particle and Dark Matter Search at the LHC at z = 80- 127 m. A Very Forward Hadron Spectrometer for the LHC Are Jets Universal Collider Phenomenology of the NMSSM Higgs Sector Dark Matter Searches at Future Colliders: The Unique Reach of the Muon Collider Electroweak multiplets at the Muon Collider

Electroweak Symmetry non-Restoration and Delayed Electroweak Phase Transitions Future Energy Frontier Collider Options for the United States

Higgs boson coupling measurements to charm guarks at FCC-ee Lattice-QCD Determinations of Quark Masses and the Strong

Coupling as Letter of Interest: Prospects of Vector boson scattering at future colliders

Long-Lived Neutrinos with CMS high multiplicity shower L1 Trigger Proposal in the Muon System in Run 3 of the LHC

Measurement of Higgs parameters at FCC-ee

Muon collider: A window to new physics

Muon Collider: solidifying the physics case.

Precision measurements of αS and its running at future colliders

experimental and systematic QCD uncertainties

Recent Progress and Next Steps for the MATHUSLA LLP Detector Recommendations for more precise and robust assessment of

Search for new scalars at FCC-e

Sensitivity reach of scintillation-based detectors for millicharged particles

The invisible Higgs branching fraction at FCC-ee

Sensitivity to Dijet Resonances at Proton-Proton Colliders

Using the phenomenological MSSM to elucidate complementarity of sensitivity to supersymmetry from future colliders, astrophysical and cosmological data, and precision measurements.

xFitter: An Open Source QCD Analysis Framework



Themes: Neutrino

- 1. Deliver on the currently planned program that includes LBNF/DUNE and SBN
 - a. Major outcome of 2013 Snowmass/P5 process
 - b. It is critical that this major ongoing commitment is fully realized
- 2. Develop future detector capabilities to extend physics reach
 - a. Technology improvements: Pixel readout (low-energy atmospheric neutrinos, or 0vBB), xenon doping (0vBB), magnetization (charge discrimination to inform sterile anomalies)
 - b. Dune 4th Module of Opportunity: extend physics reach to very low energies (0vBB)
- 3. Studying applications of high-intensity fixed-target efforts
 - a. DM + neutrino studies
 - b. Utilize PIP-II + upgrades to booster (1-8GeV) or an accumulator ring (see <u>workshop</u> next week)
- 4. Push theory in several dimensions
 - a. BSM connections with neutrino physics including dark sector
 - Pushing the subfield of nuclear physics that informs nuclear interactions at HEP detectors



Themes: Neutrino

ANNIE Detector R&D	Letter of Interest v Reconstruction in the Deep Underground Neutrino τ		
Computing Neutrino Oscillations in Matter Efficiently	Experiment		
Connecting QCD to neutrino-nucleus scattering	Long-Baseline Accelerator Probes for Light Sterile 3 Neutrinos		
	Low-energy Inelastic Neutrino Cross Sectionj		
Dark Sector Studies With Neutrino Beams	Multi-modal Pixels for Noble Element Time Projection Chambers		
Directional detectors for CE⊠NS and physics beyond the Standard Model	Mutual Benefits derived from the Application of Neutrino Physics		
DUNE Near Detector	to Nuclear Energy & Safeguards		
DUNE-Beta: Searching for Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay with a Large LArTPC	Neutrino Decay as a Solution to the Short-Baseline Anomalies		
Electroweak precision measurements in low energy neutrino experiments	Neutrino Frontier: White Paper on Neutrino Self-Interactions		
	Neutrino Opportunities at the ORNL Second Target Station Neutrino Physics with Noble Liquid Bubble Chambers		
Event Generators for Accelerator-Based Neutrino Experiments			
Expected Final Sensitivity of the NOvA Experiment to 3-Flavor Neutrino Oscillations	Neutrino Scattering Measurements on Hydrogen and Deuterium		
ICARUS in the Next Decade	Neutrino-induced Shallow- and Deep-Inelastic Scattering		
Large Extra-Dimension Searches,	Neutrinos as Probes for Lorentz and CPT Symmetry		
Lattice-QCD Calculations Supporting Neutrino-Oscillation Experiments	Neutrinos from stored muons; nuSTORM		
Fermilab Lattice and MILC Collaborations	Opportunities and signatures of non-minimal Heavy		
Letter of Interest Atmospheric v Appearance in the Deep Underground τ	Neutral Leptons		
Neutrino Experiment	Physics Opportunities for detection and study of Heavy Neutral		
Letter of Interest Physics Opportunities in ANNIE	Leptons at Accelerator Neutrino Experiments		
	た Formilab		

Neutrino Continued

Tau Neutrino Physics

Physics with Sub-GeV Atmospheric Neutrinos	The EMPHATIC Table-Top Spectrometer: Enabling Hadron Scattering and		
Reactor neutrino detection experiment using Skipper CCDs	Production Measurements for Improved Beam Simulations		
Search for Heavy Sterile Neutrinos Using 39Ar Beta Decays in Large LArTPC Detectors	The Exotics and Cosmic Ray Physics Program of NOvA		
	The future NA61/SHINE program on hadron production		
Search for low mass dark matter at ICARUS detector using NuMI beam	The JSNS2 Experiment		
	The NOvA Experiment and Exotic Neutrino Oscillations		
Snowmass2021 - Letter of Interest Precision Neutrino-Nucleus Interaction Physics and BSM Searches at the Short-Baseline Near Detector (SBND) at Fermilab Snowmass2021 - Letter of Interest Sensitive Tests for Sterile Neutrino Oscillations at the Short-Baseline Neutrino Program at Fermilab	The NOvA Near Detector Physics Program		
	The Use of Precision Beam Timing in LBNF/DUNE		
	Ultralight dark matter and neutrinos		
	Using Electron Scattering to Constrain Neutrinos		
Snowmass2021 - Letter of Interest The NOvA Physics Program through 2025			
Sterile Neutrino Searches with Atmospheric Neutrinos			



Themes: Cosmic

Cosmic frontier has a diverse program and FNAL is strongly involved at all levels from the topical convener down to subgroups

- 1. The CPM examined Dark Matter complementarity and reviewed the comprehensive DM measurement program over many orders of magnitude
- 2. Looking towards silicon technology to push low-mass DM experiments. There is broad support to continue to extend Skipper CCD to develop large-scale silicon effort
- 3. Interface of axions/Quantum detection/technologies was highlighted and there is a great opportunity for Fermilab to become *the* axion lab
- 4. Significant effort underway on on SPT3, CMB S4
- 5. Surveys: Leader on DES, DESI, Rubin LSST Ops
 - a. Longer timescale: Snowmass collecting input on a future spectroscopic survey and the relevant R&D efforts
- 6. Combined probes: Development of tools, analysis techniques, simulations and collaboration policies to facilitate joint analysis



Themes: Cosmic

A deci-Hz Gravitational-Wave Lunar Observatory for Cosmology A Scintillating n-type GaAs detector for sub-GeV Dark Matter Direct Detection A simulation program to discover dark matter physics in the sky Astrophysical signatures of the QCD axion and axion-like particles Axion Dark Matter eXperiment (ADMX) 2-4 GHz Compact binaries as probes of dense matter and QCD phase transitions Cosmic dawn: A probe of dark matter at small scales Cosmic Neutrino Probes of Fundamental Physics Cosmic Probes of Dark Matter Interactions: Challenges for Theory and Analysis Cosmic probes of ultra-light axion dark matter Cosmology from Multi-Wavelength Observations of Clusters of Galaxies Cosmology with Millimeter-Wave Line Intensity Mapping Dark Energy Science with Multimessenger Probes and the Vera Rubin Observatory's Legacy Survey of Space and Time Dark Matter and Early Universe Physics from Measurements below the Galaxy Formation Threshold Dark Matter Complementarity

Deep Multi-object Spectroscopy to Enhance Dark Energy Science from LSST Development of R&D platform for astronomical instrumentation in visible and near-IR Electromagnetic probes of ultralight primordial black holes Exploring Beyond-the-Standard-Model Physics with TeV Gamma Rays from Primordial Black Holes Fundamental physics with gravitational wave detectors La Silla Schmidt Southern Survey Light Dark Matter Candidates with MeV gamma-ray signatures Low-gap charge detection for fundamental physics searches Measuring H0 in the 2020s Millimeter-Wave Line Intensity Mapping Facilities Multi-messenger Probes of Cosmology and Fundamental Physics using **Gravitational Waves** Multi-ton scale bubble chambers New Physics and the Black Hole Mass Gap Next-generation Spectroscopic Surveys with DESI Novel dynamical probes of dark matter on small scales

Opening the terahertz axion window

Physical Effects of Nonlocally Coherent Quantum Gravity

Primordial Non-Gaussianity with Millimeter-Wave Line Intensity Mapping

♣ Fermilab

Cosmic Continued

from the Early Universe

Probing the expansion history of the Universe with Gravitational Waves
Reaching the solar CEv NS floor with noble liquid bubble chambers
Resonant vs. Broadband Axion Dark Matter Searches in the Background-free Limit – an amicus brief for Snowmass CF2 - IF1
Rubin/LSST Black Hole Dark Matter Microlensing
Search for gravitational waves from ultralight boson clouds around black holes
Searching for complex Dark Sectors with KIDs and CCDs
Snowmass2021 Letter of Interest: Long-baseline Atomic Sensors for Fundamental Physics
Status and plans for Oscura: A Multi-kilogram Skipper-CCD Array for Direct-Detection of Dark Matter
Strong Lensing Probes of Dark Matter
Synergies between Millimeter-Wave Line Intensity Mapping with Radio, Optical and Microwave Observations
Testing the Nature of Dark Matter with Extremely Large Telescopes
The Maunakea Spectroscopic Explorer
The Rubin/LSST Dark Energy Science Collaboration: Operations during the LSST Survey
The Stochastic Gravitational Wave Background as a Probe of New Physics

The Vera C. Rubin Observatory as a Dark Matter Experiment
The Vera C. Rubin Observatory as a Discovery Facility for Fundamental Physics
Time Delay Cosmography in the 2020s
Ultralight Bosonic Dark Matter Theory
Understanding the Galactic Center Gamma-Ray Excess
UP-conversion Loop Oscillator Axion Detectors (UPLOAD)
WIMP Dark Matter Candidates with MeV gamma-ray signatures



Themes: Rare Processes

- 1. Deliver on existing program (Mu2e, g-2) and maximize the physics output
 - a. Another product of the previous P5 process, and we are reiterating that Mu2e will run during this next P5 period
- 2. Utilize ongoing accelerator upgrade to extend physics reach in related areas
 - a. Mu2e-II extends reach and probes the nature of new physics if discovery at Mu2e
 - b. REDTOP is an eta factory with a broad physics program to search for BSM physics in flavor-conserving processes
 - c. LDMX, Darkquest/Longquest, M^3 Dark Matter Searches with High Intensity Beams at a variety facilities
- Significant suite of proposals submitted to unite the CLFV community and make FNAL the leader in multiple CLFV channels
 - a. Building collaborations with world experts in CLFV
 - b. Potential for 600+ person program following the planned Mu2e effort
 - c. Utilizing existing expertise to push for relevant AF design, which includes 4 complementary AF LOI submissions



Themes: Rare Processes

Themes. Hate I Tocesses
ΔB = 2: A State of the Field, and Looking Forward
A New Charged Lepton Flavor Violation Program at Fermilab (ENIGMA: nExgeNeration experiments with hiGh intensity Muon beAms)
A Phase Rotated Intense Source of Muons (PRISM) for a $\mu \to e$ Conversion Experiment
Accelerator Probes of Millicharged Particles and Dark Matter
Atomic/nuclear clocks and precision spectroscopy measurements for dark matter and dark sector searches
Considerations for a Mu2e-II Production Target
DarkQuest and LongQuest at the 120 GeV Fermilab Main Injector
Fixed-Target Searches for New Physics with O(1 GeV) Proton Beams at Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
Fixed-Target Searches for New Physics with O(10 GeV) Proton Beams at Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
FNAL Booster Storage Ring
Free Neutron-antineutron Transformation Searches at the European Spallation Source's Large Beamport
High precision determinations of Vxb from a close theory-experiment collaboration
Letter of Interest for an Upgraded Low-Energy Muon Facility at Fermilab

Letter of Interest for the Muon Missing Momentum experiment

Mu2e Letter of Interest for Snowmass 2021
Mu2e-II Letter of Interest for Snowmass 2021
Mu2e-II: a 2-level TDAQ system based on FPGA pre-filtering
Mu2e-II: a trigger-less TDAQ system based on software trigger
Mu2e-II: TDAQ based on GPU co-processor
Potential storage ring and Muon Campus experiments Letter of Interest for Snowmass 2021
Precise Lattice QCD calculations of kaon and pion decay parameters and first-row CKM unitarity tests Snowmass
Searching for μ – \rightarrow e + Conversion at Upcoming Experiments and the Process of Radiative Muon Capture
The quest for explaining the top-row CKM unitarity deficit
The REDTOP experiment: an η/η 0 factory
US Participation in Current & Future Rare Kaon Decay Experiments



Themes: Accelerator

- 1. Deliver on existing program with proton accelerators for neutrino program
 - a. Deliver High-intensity beams for LBNF
 - b. Develop targets for High-intensity beams
 - c. Push for Booster Upgrade to continue leading the field
- 2. Significant accelerator interest in colliders, lots of interactions with AF, EF
 - a. FNAL has a lot of expertise and would be a major player in any e+/e- collider
 - b. Muon collider extend energy reach by factor 7
 - c. Future technologies (e.g. plasma accelerator)
- Push the envelope of accelerator technology (Magnets, cavities, facilities, SRF, targets, sources, etc...)
- 4. Continued advocacy for general accelerator science and AF education
 - a. IOTA/FAST as leading facility for long term R&D
 - b. Accelerators for Rare processes (see previous talk)
 - c. Accelerator education infrastructure



Themes: Accelerator

Future Energy Frontier Collider Options for the United States

High Efficiency, Low Cost, RF Sources for Accelerators and Colliders

High field superconducting accelerator magnet technologies based on

Bi-2212 high- temperature superconductor for future accelerator facilities

GARD Beam Test Facilities

IOTA-FAST A Leading US Facility for Beam Physics and Accelerator Technology R&D: Long-Term Research Opportunities 20 T Hybrid Magnets Irradiation facilities and irradiation methods for High Power Targetry 30 T BSCCO solenoids are now in view Issues and Mitigations for Advanced Muon Ionization Cooling Accelerator and Beam Physics: Grand Challenges and Research Key Directions for Research and Development of Superconducting Opportunities Radiofrequency (SRF) Cavities Advanced Beam Cooling Lol to Beam Physics and Accelerator Education Letter of Interest in a Linac-based 8 GeV Accelerator for Booster Advanced modelling for High Power Targetry Replacement and other Applications Letter of Interest: Beam Delivery for Mu2e-II in the PIP-II Era An International Exchange Framework for Research in Beam Physics and Accelerator Technology Mitigation of Emittance Dilution Due to Wakefields in Accelerator Cavities Using Advanced Diagnostics with Machine Learning Techniques At Risk: University-based Accelerator Science and Education Muon Collider: Machine Detector Interface Studies Beamdump Experiments Driven by a Plasma Wakefield Accelerator Nanostructure Accelerators Novel concept and path to its realization Bunch Compressor for the PIP-II Linac Nb3Sn Superconducting Radiofrequency Cavities Compact Superconducting RF Accelerators Electron Lenses for Colliders and Intense Proton Beams Next Generation SRF accelerators based on Nb3Sn Novel materials to improve High Power Target reliability **FNAL Booster Storage Ring**

Next Century Part B: ILC Energy Upgrades to 3 TeV and Beyond Post-Irradiation Examination (PIE) for High Power Targetry at Fermilab **₹** Fermilab

Perspectives on International Superconducting Linear Colliers (ILC) to the

Perspectives on International Superconducting Linear Colliers (ILC) to the

Next Century Part A: High Luminosity Higgs Factory and Top Factory

Optimizing the FCC-hh Hadron Collider

Ion Coulomb Crystals in Storage Rings for Quantum Information Science

Accelerator Frontier Continued

Stress/strain Sensitive Superconductors

R&D for MW Pion Production Targets for Next Generation Long Baseline Neutrino Facilities	Superconducting Free Electron Laser Undulators for gamma gamma Colliders		
R&D in Nb3Sn and Iron-based Superconductors for High Field Magnets	Superconducting Technologies and Materials for Muon Collider Magnets		
R&D on Extreme Six-Dimensional Cooling for a Muon Beam	The Center for Bright Beams as a model for accelerator research and		
R&D on High Power Fundamental Power Couplers for Superconducting	education		
Cavities	The Need for Research into Early Conceptual Integration and Optimization,		
R&D on High-Power Target System for future HEP experiments	and Maturity Evaluation of Future Accelerators		
Research and Development to Advance Technology of Strong Cooling of High Energy Hadron Beams	Ultimate Acceleration in Crystals and Nanostructures		
	Ultra-thin A15 Superconducting Wires for Future High Field Accelerators		
Solving Critical Problems of the Energy Frontier Muon Collider: Optics,	University Research and Training of Accelerator Scientists and Engineers		
Magnets and their Protection, Detector Backgrounds and Neutrino Hazard	US Particle Accelerator School Long Term Needs to Support Training		
Solving Critical Problems of the Muon Collider Higgs Factory: Optics,	Accelerator Scientists and Engineers		
lagnets and their Protection, and Detector Backgrounds	Versatile Multi-MW Proton Facility with Synchrotron Upgrade of Fermilab		
Strategy for HEP Accelerator Workforce Training in Coordination with BES, NP, and Industry	Proton Complex		
Stress Management Technology for High-field Accelerator Magnets based on			



Instrumentation Frontier

- Major synergies with EF, IF, AF, NF
- Fermilab a key player in pushing many technologies and facilities

3D Integration of Sensors and Electronics	Muon Collider experiment: requirements for new detector R&D and		
Charge-Coupled Device Technology Development for Future Dark Energy	reconstruction tools		
and Dark Matter Studies	New Test Beam Facility at Fermilab		
Electron multiplication in liquid argon TPC detectors for low energy rare event physics	Non-destructive readout in CMOS technology.		
	On-chip spectrometers for long walvength photon detection		
Enabling precision calibration of massively multiplexed spectroscopic surveys	Real-time adaptive deep-learning with embedded systems for discovery science		
Enabling the next generation of bubble-chamber experiments for dark matter and neutrino physics	Scintillator Extrusions for Mega-detectors: MATHUSLA		
	Skipper CCDs for Cosmic Surveys of Dark Energy and Dark Matter		
High granularity, high dynamic range Calorimeter readout electronics	Snowmass LOI: Precision Calibration of Large LArTPC Detectors		
High Intensity Proton Irradiation Facility	The Matter wave Atomic Gradiometer Interferometric Sensor (MAGIS-100)		
Homogeneous Hadron Calorimetry for Future Higgs Factory Experiment	Experiment		
Identification of TeV hadrons: Transition Radiation Detectors	The Microwave SQUID Multiplexer for Cosmology and Cryogenic Particle		
Injection molded scintillator for future high granularity experiments – DUNE	Detection		
3DST	Towards Directional Nuclear Recoil Detectors: Tracking of Nuclear Recoils in		
Instrumentation Frontier Magnetizing the Liquid Argon TPC	Gas Argon TPCs		
Kinetic Inductance Detectors for long-wavelength photon detection	Towards High Volume Production of LAPPDs Using Air-Transfer Process		
Magnetizing the Liquid Argon TPC	Developing Small-Pitch Optical Fiber Positioners for Massively Parallel		
Mechanical sensors as particle detectors: Snowmass LO	Spectroscopy		

Titles of LOI submissions with Fermilab authors

Computing Frontier

- CPM focused on logistics and introducing LOIs to the CompF community
- Focus emerging on Machine Learning, Quantum systems, Simulations and Facilities Evolution

	High
Analysis Facilities	_
Aspiration for Open Science in Accelerator & Beam Physics Modeling	HP0 Stor
Cloud Computing	Neu
CosmoSIS for the Next Decade	New
Cycle and symbiosis: Al and Cosmology intersect to produce new knowledge and tools	TPC
	Nun
Data Preservation at MINERvA	Nun
Develop/integrate data standards & start-to-end workflows for Accelerator Physics	Ope
•	Sim
Differentiable Programming in High-Energy Physics	Coff
Graph Data Structures and Graph Neural Networks for High Energy Physics	Soft
HEP Computing Challenges	Stor

HEP reconstruction at HPC centers: an approach for efficient utilization of resources th Energy Physics Detector and Beamline Simulations in the 21st Century C Complementary Computing Facility Topical Group(s): 📝 (CompF04) prage and processing resource access utrino Event Generators w Computing Model for Experiments Utilizing Large Scale Liquid Argon Cs merical Lattice Gauge Theory merical Modeling for Superconducting Accelerator Magnets en Quantum Systems Simulation for HEP nulations for HEP with SQMS Quantum Hardware Thematic Areas ftware and Statistics for Discovery in Cosmic Frontiers Experiments orage Research and Development at Large HEP Computing Sites



Theory Frontier

 Many papers submitted to the related frontier, but several submitted to TF as the primary frontier Warped Extra-Dimensional Geometry and Localized Gravity

Algorithms and Software in Support of Computational HEP and NP at the Exascale and Beyond

Benchmarking Quantum Platforms with High Energy Physics

Exotic light dark matter signals at existing experiments

Lattice-QCD studies of inclusive B -meson decays Snowmass Topical Groups:

Microscopic approaches to neutrino-nucleus interactions

Multi-loop Amplitudes for Colliders

Precision Lattice QCD in Support of BSM Searches

Theory developments for low-threshold dark matter direct detection



Community Engagement Frontier

- Improving culture and equity
- Building stronger collaborations
- Interactions between scientists and non-scientists
- Tech transfer opportunities

Letter of Interest Science / Society: considering new paradigms of planning for public engagement and communication
Catalyzing Societal Impact – IARC at Fermilab Snowmass 2
Collaboration between industry and the HEP community
Community Support for Enforcing Collaboration Codes of Conduct
Culture change is necessary, and it requires strategic planning
Envision Just Scientific Collaborations
Ethical implications for computational research and the roles of scientists
Expanding Fermilab's international outreach through European Networks
Extending I-CORPS to HEP
Extending Other Transaction Authority
Extending OTT FedTech to HEP
Increasing Awareness of and Participation in the Visiting Faculty Program
Snowmass Early Career Longterm Organization
Snowmass2021 - Letter of Interest Understanding the process is critical for agency, intervention, and influence
Towards Equitable Hiring in High Energy Physics
Training in the U.S. of Italian Science Students
Training a Diverse HEP Workforce in Small Neutrino Experiments



Summary

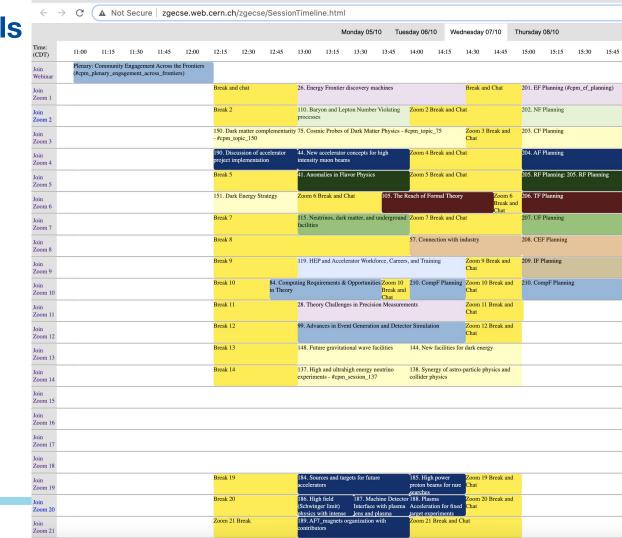
- CPM was a major step towards the 2021 Snowmass CSS
- Fermilab made major contributions to the planning, organization and content of the meeting through talks and LOIs
 - These events have stimulated new discussions between scientists at the laboratory
 - All-Scientist retreat with ~150 participants held last Friday to highlight some of the newer initiatives and foster cross-cutting interest and participation
 - SAC plans on holding a series of such meetings in the new year
- Specific Themes are emerging in multiple frontiers
 - Deliver the ambitious program that we have committed to
 - Extend the physics reach through detector and instrumentation upgrades
 - Advance new technologies to probe new energy ranges
 - Work closely with the theory frontier and develop the physics case to build future facilities that are critical to achieving the goals of the community
 - Develop the community, computing, and instrumentation infrastructure needed to achieve these goals



Backup



Wednesday parallels



16:00

All Frontier Conveners

From Young-Kee Kim

- 5 FNAL staff
- 9 FNAL users

Frontier Conveners

Energy Frontier



(Brown U)

Laura Reina (FSU)



Accelerator Frontier



Steve Gourlay Tor Raubenheimer (LBNL) (SLAC)



Vladimir Shiltsey (FNAL)





Kate Scholberg

(Duke U.)



(BNL)

Instrumentation Frontier



Petra Merkel

(LBNL)



Frontiers in Rare & Precision



(Syracuse U.)

(Virginia Tech)

Alexey Petrov

(Wayne State U.)



Computational **Frontier**

(Indiana U.)

(Duke)

Steven Gottlieb Ben Nachman



Oliver Gutsche (FNAL)

Cosmic





Underground Facilities and Infrastructure Frontier





Frontier



(Fermilab)

Marcelle Soares-Santos (U.Michigan)



Bob Bernstein

(FNAL)

Tim Tait (UC Irvine)



Jeter Hall (SNOLAB)



Kevin Lesko (LBNL)



John Orrell (PNNL)

Theory Frontier



(UCSB)



(UIUC)

Aida El-Khadra

Engagement Frontier

Community



Kétévi Assamagan (BNL)



Breese Quinn (Mississippi)